

IN CASE OF 'NO DEAL' AND THE UNITED KINGDOM ACCEDES TO THE CONVENTION ON A COMMON TRANSIT PROCEDURE AND TO THE CONVENTION ON THE SIMPLIFICATION OF FORMALITIES IN TRADE IN GOODS

TAXUD.B1
EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Contents

I.	(Seneral Information
II.	S	cenarios – Destination UK
1		External Union Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from PL via EU27 to the UK 3
2 I	-	Common Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from TR via EU27+CTC to the UK, rnational Union Transit Procedure (T2) – Union goods from TR via EU27+CTC to the UK 4
III.		Scenarios – Departure UK
1		External Union Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from the UK via EU27 to PL 7
2 I	-	Common Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from the UK via EU27 + CTC to TR, rnal Union Transit Procedure (T2) – Union goods from the UK via EU27 + CTC to TR
IV.		Scenarios – Crossing the UK
1		External Union Transit Procedure (T1) - Non-Union goods from IE via the UK to FR 11
2	-	External Union Transit Procedure (T1) - Non-Union goods from IT via CH-FR-UK to IE, nmon Transit Procedure (T2) – Union goods from FR via CH-FR-UK to IE
V.	Ε	Inquiry & Recovery procedure

I. General Information

This document complements the "Withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the EU customs rules – Draft guidance for the No Deal situation" document, and covers the main transit business scenarios.

Definition of the No Deal + CTC scenario

As of 30 March 2019, 00:00 CET

- ➤ A clear cut-off; as of the withdrawal date on 30 March 2019 (00:00 CET), the UK is disconnected from all EU IT systems, including for operations that have started before the withdrawal date.
- ➤ On the withdrawal date at 00:00 CET, the UK will accede to the Convention on a common transit procedure and to the Convention on the simplification of formalities in trade in goods.

Entry summary declaration – Exit summary declaration

When a transit movement is launched before the withdrawal date, the safety and security data is not necessarily already included in the transit declaration. In some of the scenarios in this document, it will not even be necessary to lodge those data. For example in case of scenario 1.b) external transit between EU27 and the UK: the safety and security data is not included in the declaration, because the movement is initiated between EU Member States before the withdrawal date; then, the transit movement will already be in the UK when it becomes a CTC Contracting Party on its own as of the withdrawal date, so lodging the EXS is not applicable any longer. The ENS/EXS becomes mandatory when the transit movement arrives at the border of the EU27 after the withdrawal date, it is necessary to submit it then separately. The ENS/EXS should be lodged as soon as the trader notices that the truck will not pass the EU27/UK border before the withdrawal date.

Nevertheless, the ENS/EXS can be combined with the transit declaration as it is currently the case.

Abbreviations

CO	Customs Office
CTC	Convention on a common transit procedure
EXS	Exit Summary Declaration (pre-departure)
ENS	Entry Summary Declaration (pre-arrival)
NCTS	New Computerised Transit System
OoDep	Office of Departure
OoDes	Office of Destination
OoTRA	Office of Transit

II. Scenarios - Destination UK

1. External Union Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from PL via EU27 to the UK



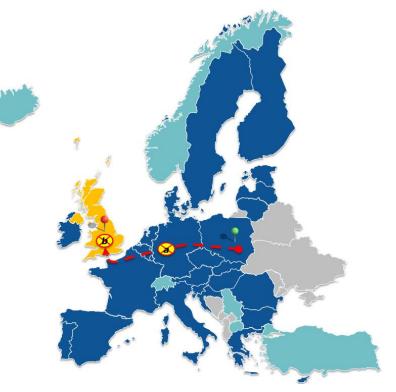


- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory

Sub Scenario a): UK withdrawal – when goods are in EU27 territory

- The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example FR/UK) an EXS has to be lodged
- On the UK side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role

Trader PL	PL	DE 🙈	BE	FR	UK	Trader UK
	OoDEP				OoTRA OoDES	
IE 015	→					
	IE 001					
after BREXIT						
•		EXS		>		
	-				IE 114	
	IE 115					
	<				IE 118	
	<				IE 006	
	<				IE 018	



Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the UK

• The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS

Trader PL	PL OoDEP	DE	BE	FR	UK (B)	Trader UK
IE 015	→					
	IE 001					
after BREXIT					IE 006	
	-				IE 018	

2. Common Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from TR via EU27+CTC to the UK, International Union Transit Procedure (T2) – Union goods from TR via EU27+CTC to the UK

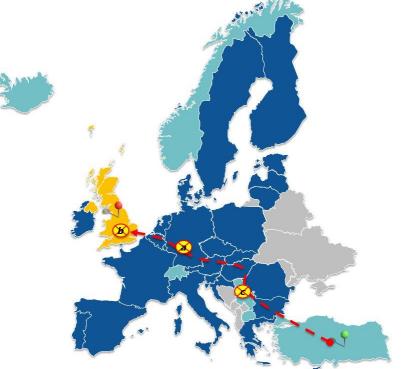


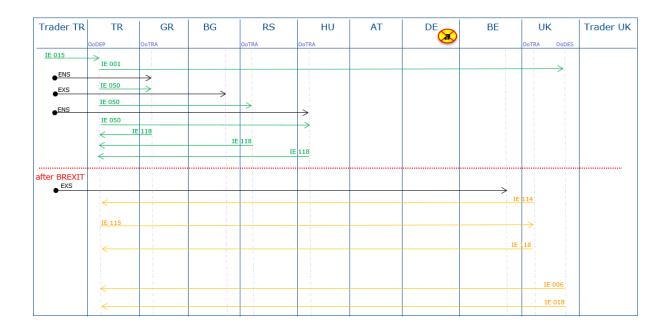


- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory
- c) UK withdrawal when goods are in a CTC country

Sub Scenario a): UK withdrawal – when goods are in EU27 territory (Example in DE)

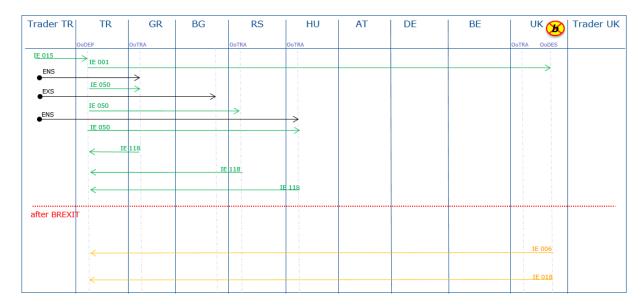
- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example BE/UK) an EXS has to be lodged, if not already combined with the transit declaration
- On the UK side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role





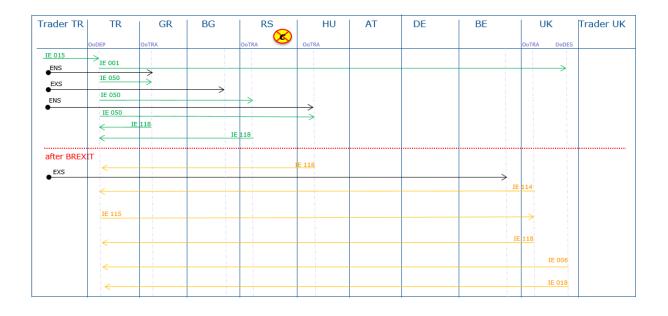
Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal - when goods are in the UK

• The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS



Sub Scenario c): UK withdrawal – when goods are in a CTC Country (Example in RS)

- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example BE/UK) an EXS has to be lodged, if not already combined with the transit declaration
- On the UK side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role

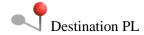


III. Scenarios - Departure UK

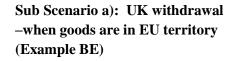
1. External Union Transit
Procedure (T1) - NonUnion goods from the
UK via EU27 to PL

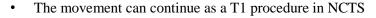


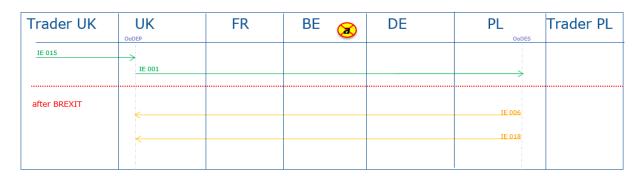




- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory

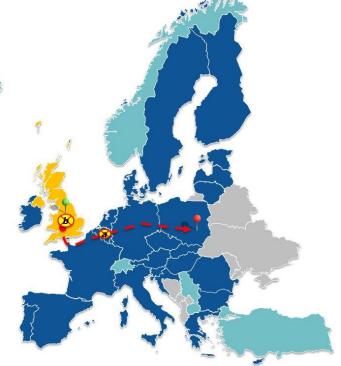






Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the UK

- The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example UK/FR) an ENS has to be lodged
- On the EU27 side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role

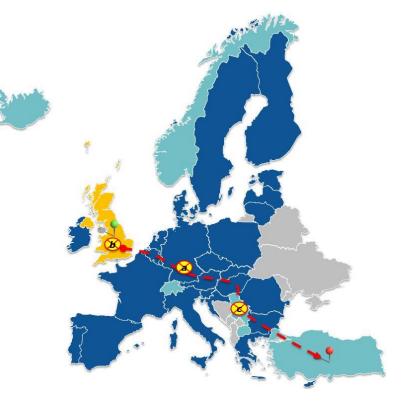


Trader UK	UK B	FR	BE	DE	PL Oodes	Trader PL
IE 015						
	IE 001					
after BREXIT	ENS	→				
	I	114				
	IE 115	→ 118				
	-	1			IE 006	
					IE 018	

 Common Transit Procedure (T1) – Non-Union goods from the UK via EU27 + CTC to TR, Internal Union Transit Procedure (T2) – Union goods from the UK via EU27 + CTC to TR

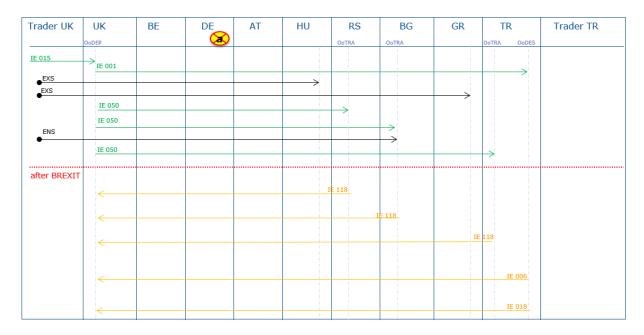


- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory
- c) UK withdrawal when goods are in a CTC Country



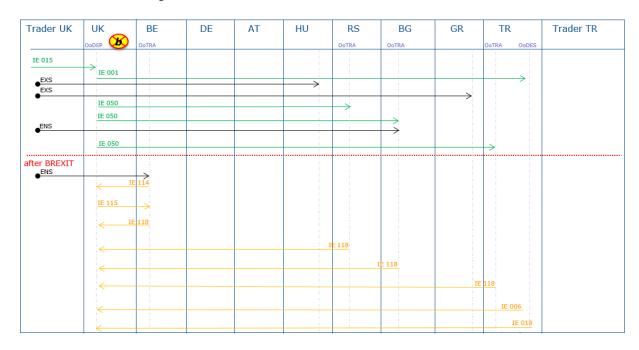
Sub Scenario a): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the EU territory (Example DE)

• The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS



Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the UK

- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example UK/BE) an ENS has to be lodged, if not already combined with the transit declaration
- On the EU27 side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role



$Sub\ Scenario\ c);\ UK\ withdrawal-when\ goods\ are\ in\ a\ CTC\ country\ (Example\ RS)$

• The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS

Trader UK	UK	BE	DE	AT	HU	RS	BG	GR	TR	Trader TR
	OoDEP					OoTRA 🐼	OoTRA		OoTRA OoDES	
IE 015	>IE 001									
EXS	12 551								\rightarrow	
EXS										
•	IE 050									
ENS	IE 050						\rightarrow			
	IE 050									
	<				IE	118				
fter BREXIT							E 118			
	<u> </u>							IE	110	
									IE 006	
									IE 018	

IV. Scenarios - Crossing the UK

1. External Union Transit
Procedure (T1) - NonUnion goods from IE
via the UK to FR

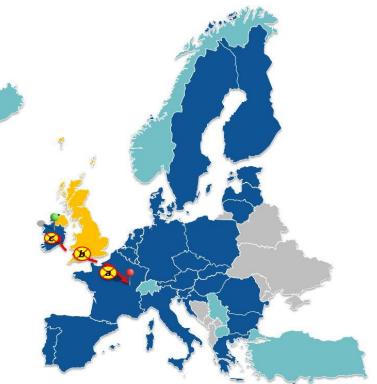




Departure IE

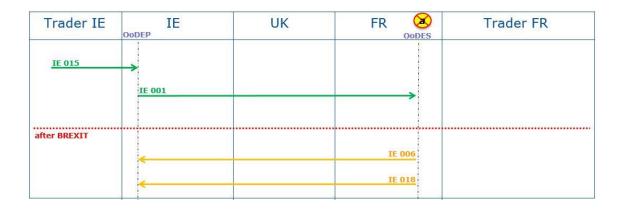


- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory
- c) UK withdrawal when goods are in the IE territory



Sub Scenario a): UK withdrawal

- when goods are in the EU territory after crossing (Example FR)
- The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS



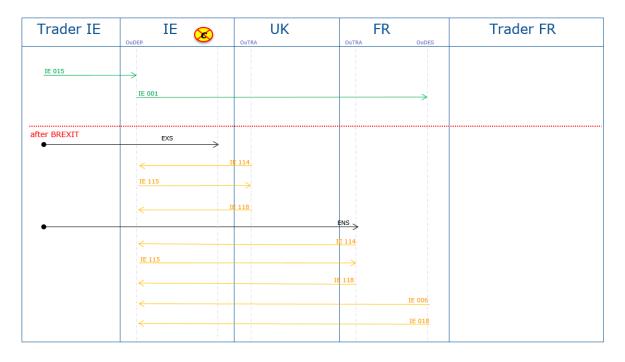
Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the UK

- The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example UK/FR) an ENS has to be lodged
- On the EU27 side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role



Sub Scenario c): UK withdrawal – when goods are still in Ireland

- The movement can continue as a T1 procedure in NCTS
- At the EU27 border before leaving the EU (Example IE/UK), an EXS has to be lodged
- At the EU27 border before entering the EU (Example UK/FR) an ENS has to be lodged
- On the UK and EU27 side, an OoTRA has to be passed
- These additional OoTRA have to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfil all the regular duties of that CO role



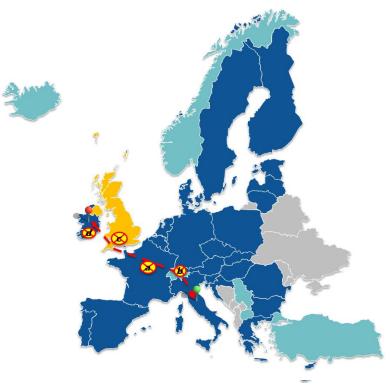
2. External Union Transit Procedure (T1) - Non-Union goods from IT via CH-FR-UK to IE, Common Transit Procedure (T2) - Union goods from IT via CH-FR-UK to IE



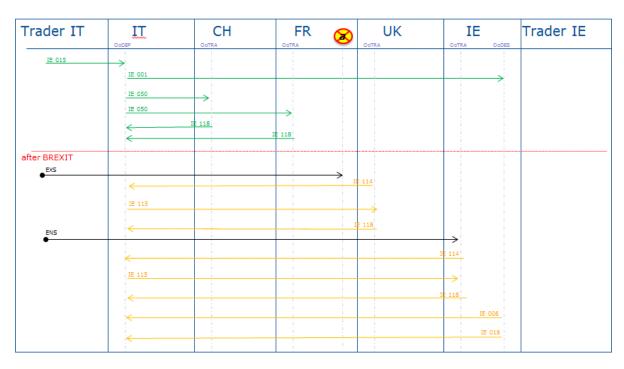


- a) UK withdrawal when goods are in the EU territory
- b) UK withdrawal when goods are in the CTC country
- c) UK withdrawal when goods are in the UK territory
- d) UK withdrawal when goods are in the IE territory

Sub Scenario a): UK withdrawal – when goods are in the EU territory (Example FR)

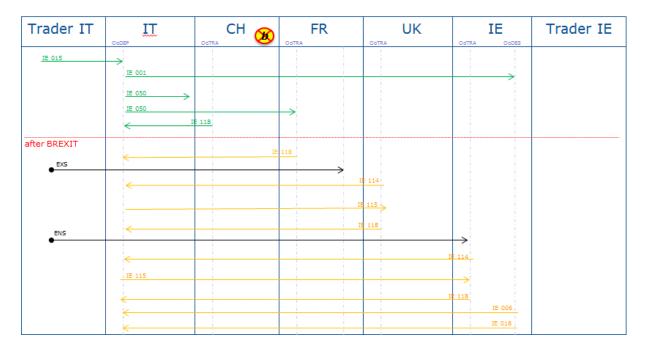


- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the EU27 border before leaving the EU (Example FR/UK), an EXS has to be lodged
- At the EU27 border before entering the EU (Example UK/IE) an ENS has to be lodged
- In the UK and in IE an OoTRA has to be passed
- These additional OoTRA have to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfil all the regular duties of that CO role



Sub Scenario b): UK withdrawal – when goods are in a CTC Country (Example CH)

- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the EU27 border before leaving the EU (Example FR/UK), an EXS has to be lodged
- At the EU27 border before entering the EU (Example UK/IE) an ENS has to be lodged
- In the UK and in IE an OoTRA has to be passed
- These additional OoTRA have to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfil all the regular duties of that CO role



Sub Scenario c): UK withdrawal - when goods are in the UK

- The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS
- At the external EU27 border (Example UK/IE) an ENS has to be lodged
- In IE an OoTRA has to be passed
- This additional OoTRA has to request the relevant data with the IE114 at the OoDep and fulfils all the regular duties of that CO role



Sub Scenario d): UK withdrawal – when goods are in Ireland

• The movement can continue as a T1/T2 procedure in NCTS

OoDEP	CH Ootra	FR Ootra	UK Ootra	IE Trader IE
JE 001				
IE 050	>			
E 030	IE 118	IE 118		
<u> </u>				IE 006
				IE 018
	OoDEP IE 001 IE 050 IE 050	OODEP OOTRA IE 001 IE 050 IE 050 IE 118	OODEP OOTRA OOTRA IE 001 IE 050 IE 050 IE 118 IE 118	OODEP OOTRA OOTRA IE 001 IE 050 IE 050 IE 118 IE 118

V. Enquiry & Recovery procedure

> Enquiry procedure

After UK becoming a CTC country, the enquiry procedure can be handled as described in the system specifications and in the Transit manual.

> Recovery procedure

After UK becoming a CTC country, the recovery procedure can be handled as described in the system specifications and in the Transit manual.